

FIRST NATIONS TAX COMMISSION

COMMISSION DE LA FISCALITÉ DES PREMIÈRES NATIONS



FIRST NATION PROPERTY TAXATION

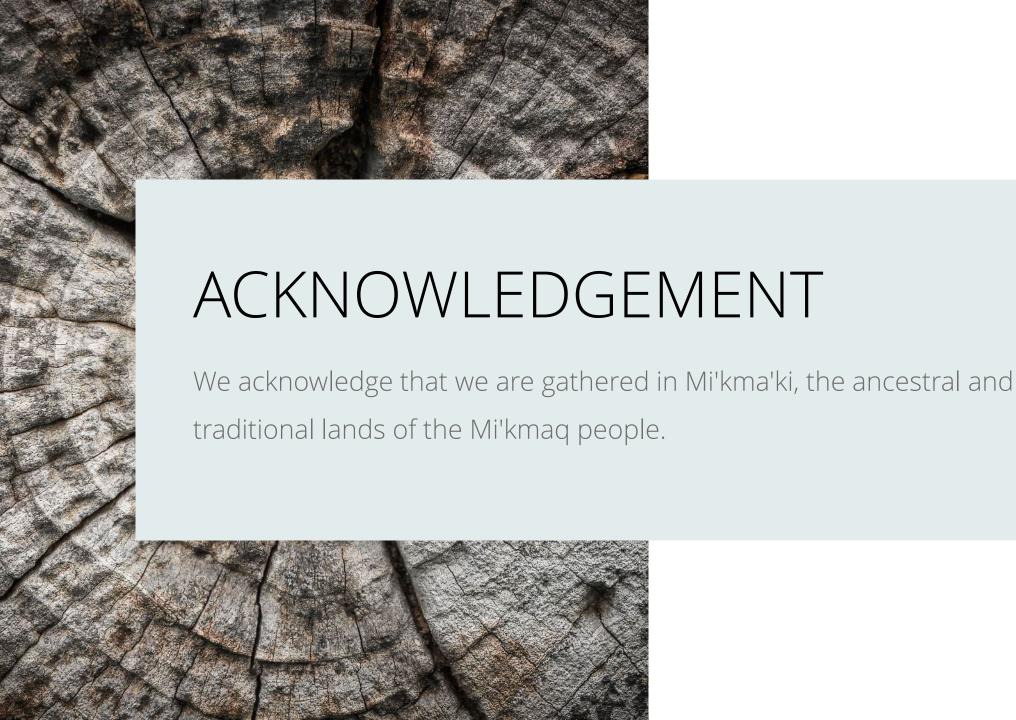
Presentation to:

National Aboriginal Land Managers Association Annual General Meeting

October 22, 2025

OVERVIEW

- 1 First Nations Tax Commission
- 2 Land Management and Property Tax
- 3 Emerging Issues
- 4 Resources for First Nations





ABOUT THE COMMISSION

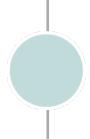
- Provides support for over 170 First Nations with tax jurisdiction
- Established in 2005, the Commission consists of ten members, led by Chief Commissioner C.T. (Manny) Jules
- FNTC offices are located in Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc, BC and Ottawa, ON



FNTC AND NALMA



FNTC and NALMA sign MOU in 2012.



FNTC presents at NALMA conferences and regional Land Managers associations.



Sound land management is critical in optimizing First Nation property taxation.



TAXATION AND LANDS MANAGEMENT



FIRST NATION OWN SOURCE REVENUES REMAIN LOW

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FIRST NATION OWN SOURCE REVENUES ARE INCREASED



WHAT IS PROPERTY TAX?

Property tax is an annual tax on the value of land and improvements

Assessments are completed by independent third-party appraisers (e.g., provincial or private assessors).

Governments collect taxes, and those revenues are used to pay for services





WHAT IS FIRST NATION PROPERTY TAXATION?

First Nations exercising their tax powers use either the FMA or s.83 of the Indian Act.

- Very similar to property taxation elsewhere:
 assessed value x tax rate = revenue
- Vast majority of taxable interests on reserve are leaseholds, permits and easements
- First Nations enact laws/by-laws to implement taxation and annual laws/by-laws to maintain taxation



WHY FIRST NATION PROPERTY TAX?



Revenue potential



Improve services & infrastructure





Assert jurisdiction Mart of overall economic strategy

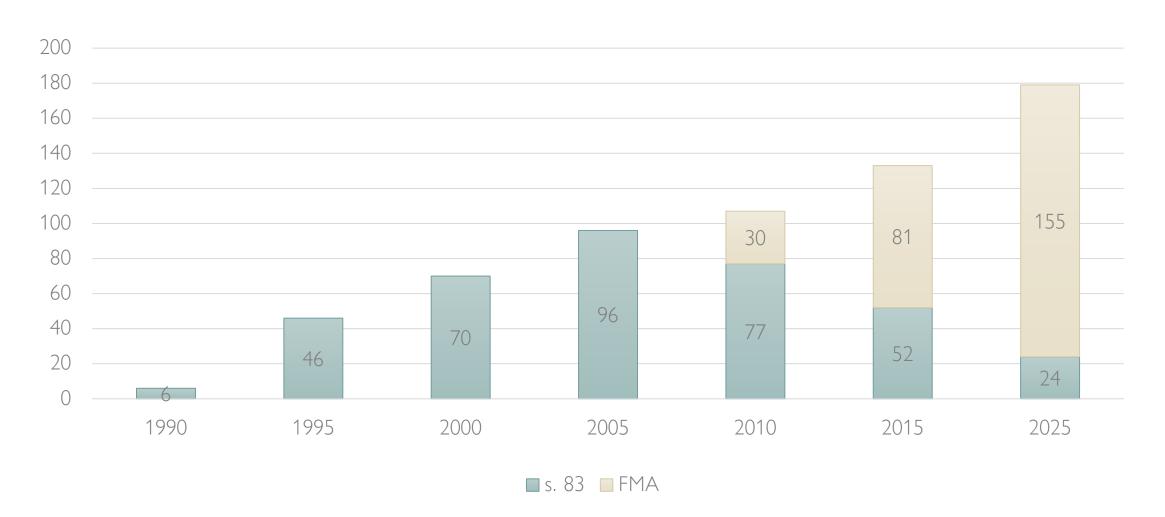


WHAT CAN BE TAXED?

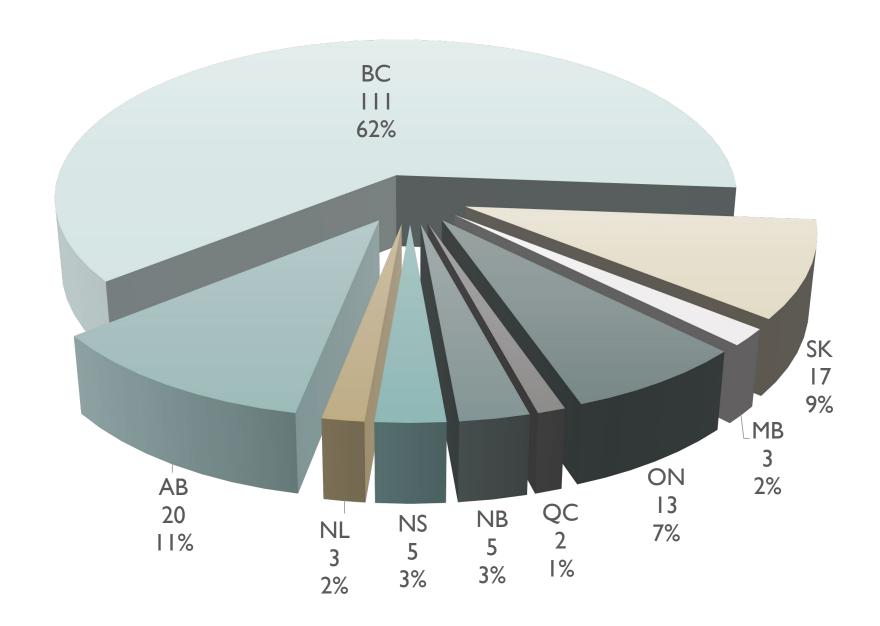
All interests in reserve lands are taxable, subject to exemptions set out in the First Nation's law.

NATIONWIDE:

FIRST NATIONS WITH TAX JURISDICTION



FIRST NATION TAXATION: BY REGION, 2025





TYPICAL EXPENDITURES FOR LOCAL SERVICES

Administration

Transportation

Infrastructure

Community Programs

Protective Services

Economic Development



FIRST NATIONS RESOURCE TAX

- First Nation-led proposal that would provide First Nations the option to implement a pre-specified tax regime based on land use and resources in their territory or ancestral lands. Would rely on governments ceding tax room to have neutral impact on industry.
- Resource tax system would be established in First Nation law. Distinct taxes
 for each resource project type, which would be standardized throughout a
 province or possibly the country.

FIRST NATIONS ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY (FNAA)

- National body to provide assessment services to First Nations.
- Would bring about consistency and improvements in:
 - o Levels of property assessment services
 - o First Nation access to assessment services
 - o Property assessment costs for First Nations
- Could provide other services (e.g., appraisal services to support land management and specific claims, TLEs, section 35 expropriations, etc.).



First Nations Gazette

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of First
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legislation
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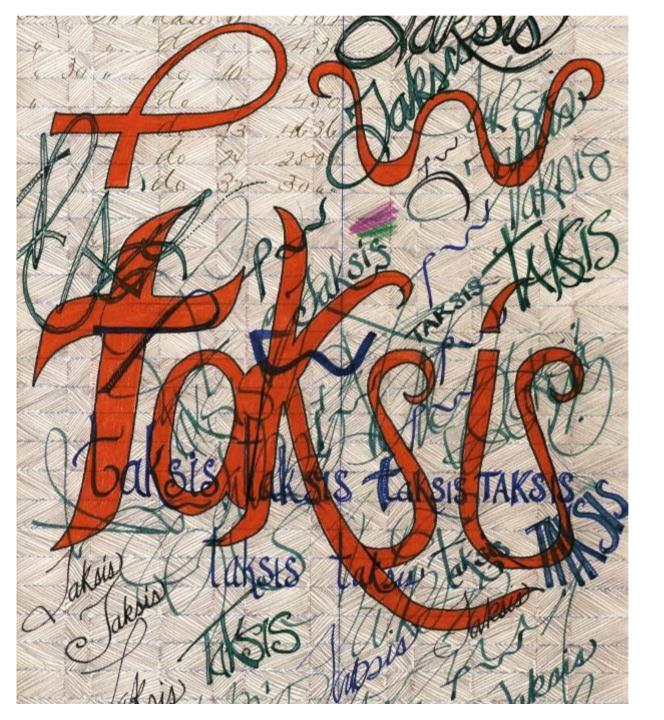


- Delivered by Tulo Centre in partnership with Thompson Rivers University and First Nations Tax Commission
- Next cohort starts February 2026

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"Taksis" is from the Chinook language, meaning "tax"



